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97TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S.391

To amend the National Security Act of 1947 to prohibit the unauthorized disclosure of information identifying certain United States intelligence officers, agents, informants, and sources and to direct the President to establish procedures to protect the secrecy of these intelligence relationships.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 3 (legislative day, JANUARY 5), 1981

Mr. Chafee (for himself, Mr. Goldwater, Mr. Bentsen, Mr. Danforth, Mr. Domenici, Mr. Garn, Mr. Glenn, Mr. Hayakawa, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Laxalt, Mr. Lugar, Mr. Nunn, Mr. Pressler, Mr. Roth, Mr. Schmitt, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Wallop, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Huddleston, and Mr. Thurmond) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

## A BILL

- To amend the National Security Act of 1947 to prohibit the unauthorized disclosure of information identifying certain United States intelligence officers, agents, informants, and sources and to direct the President to establish procedures to protect the secrecy of these intelligence relationships.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 That this Act may be cited as the "Intelligence Identities
  - 4 Protection Act of 1981".

1	SEC. 2. (a) The National Security Act of 1947 is
2	amended by adding at the end thereof the following new title:
3	"TITLE VI—PROTECTION OF CERTAIN NATIONAL
4	SECURITY INFORMATION
5	"PROTECTION OF IDENTITIES OF CERTAIN UNITED
6	STATES UNDERCOVER INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS,
7	AGENTS, INFORMANTS, AND SOURCES
8	"Sec. 601. (a) Whoever, having or having had author-
9	ized access to classified information that identifies a covert
10	agent, intentionally discloses any information identifying such
11	covert agent to any individual not authorized to receive clas-
12	sified information, knowing that the information disclosed so
13	identifies such covert agent and that the United States is
14	taking affirmative measures to conceal such covert agent's
15	intelligence relationship to the United States, shall be fined
16	not more than \$50,000 or imprisoned not more than ten
17	years, or both.
18	"(b) Whoever, as a result of having authorized access to
19	classified information, learns the identity of a covert agent
20	and intentionally discloses any information identifying such
21	covert agent to any individual not authorized to receive clas-
22	sified information, knowing that the information disclosed so
23	identifies such covert agent and that the United States is
24	taking affirmative measures to conceal such covert agent's
25	intelligence relationship to the United States, shall be fined

- 1 not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned not more than five
- 2 years, or both.
- 3 "(c) Whoever, in the course of a pattern of activities
- 4 intended to identify and expose covert agents and with
- 5 reason to believe that such activities would impair or impede
- 6 the foreign intelligence activities of the United States, dis-
- 7 closes any information that identifies an individual as a
- 8 covert agent to any individual not authorized to receive clas-
- 9 sified information, knowing that the information disclosed so
- 10 identifies such individual and that the United States is taking
- 11 affirmative measures to conceal such individual's classified
- 12 intelligence relationship to the United States, shall be fined
- 13 not more than \$15,000 or imprisoned not more than three
- 14 years, or both.
- 15 "DEFENSES AND EXCEPTIONS
- 16 "Sec. 602. (a) It is a defense to a prosecution under
- 17 section 601 that before the commission of the offense with
- 18 which the defendant is charged, the United States had public-
- 19 ly acknowledged or revealed the intelligence relationship to
- 20 the United States of the individual the disclosure of whose
- 21 intelligence relationship to the United States is the basis for
- 22 the prosecution.
- 23 "(b)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), no person other than a
- 24 person committing an offense under section 601 shall be sub-
- 25 ject to prosecution under such section by virtue of section 2

- 1 or 4 of title 18, United States Code, or shall be subject to
- 2 prosecution for conspiracy to commit an offense under such
- 3 section.
- 4 "(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply in the case of a
- 5 person who acted in the course of a pattern of activities in-
- 6 tended to identify and expose covert agents and with reason
- 7 to believe that such activities would impair or impede the
- 8 foreign intelligence activities of the United States.
- 9 "(c) It shall not be an offense under section 601 to
- 10 transmit information described in such section directly to the
- 11 Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate or to the Per-
- 12 manent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of
- 13 Representatives.
- 14 "(d) It shall not be an offense under section 601 for an
- 15 individual to disclose information that solely identifies himself
- 16 as a covert agent.
- 17 "PROCEDURES FOR ESTABLISHING COVER FOR
- 18 INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES
- 19 "Sec. 603. (a) The President shall establish procedures
- 20 to ensure that any individual who is an officer or employee of
- 21 an intelligence agency, or a member of the Armed Forces
- 22 assigned to duty with an intelligence agency, whose identity
- 23 as such an officer, employee, or member is classified informa-
- 24 tion and which the United States takes affirmative measures
- 25 to conceal is afforded all appropriate assistance to ensure that

- 1 the identity of such individual as such an officer, employee,
- 2 or member is effectively concealed. Such procedures shall
- 3 provide that any department or agency designated by the
- 4 President for the purposes of this section shall provide such
- 5 assistance as may be determined by the President to be nec-
- 6 essary in order to establish and effectively maintain the se-
- 7 crecy of the identity of such individual as such an officer,
- 8 employee, or member.
- 9 "(b) Procedures established by the President pursuant to
- 10 subsection (a) shall be exempt from any requirement for pub-
- 11 lication or disclosure.
- 12 "EXTRATERRITORIAL JURISDICTION
- 13 "Sec. 604. There is jurisdiction over an offense under
- 14 section 601 committed outside the United States if the indi-
- 15 vidual committing the offense is a citizen of the United States
- 16 or an alien lawfully admitted to the United States for perma-
- 17 nent residence (as defined in section 101(a)(20) of the Immi-
- 18 gration and Nationality Act).
- 19 "PROVIDING INFORMATION TO CONGRESS
- 20 "Sec. 605. Nothing in this title may be construed as
- 21 authority to withhold information from the Congress or from
- 22 a committee of either House of Congress.
- 23 "DEFINITIONS
- "Sec. 606. For the purposes of this title:

1	"(1) The term 'classified information' means infor-
2	mation or material designated and clearly marked or
3	clearly represented, pursuant to the provisions of a
4	statute or Executive order (or a regulation or order
5	issued pursuant to a statute or Executive order), as re-
6	quiring a specific degree of protection against un-
7	authorized disclosure for reasons of national security.
8	"(2) The term 'authorized', when used with re-
9	spect to access to classified information, means having
10	authority, right, or permission pursuant to the provi-
11	sions of a statute, Executive order, directive of the
12	head of any department or agency engaged in foreign
13	intelligence or counterintelligence activities, order of
14	any United States court, or provisions of any rule of
15	the House of Representatives or resolution of the
16	Senate which assigns responsibility within the respec-
17	tive House of Congress for the oversight of intelligence
18	activities.
19	"(3) The term 'disclose' means to communicate,
20	provide, impart, transmit, transfer, convey, publish, or
21	otherwise make available.
22	"(4) The term 'covert agent' means—
23	"(A) an officer or employee of an intelligence
24	agency or a member of the Armed Forces as-
25	signed to duty with an intelligence agency—

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1	"(i) whose identity as such an officer,
2	employee, or member is classified informa-
3	tion, and
4	"(ii) who is serving outside the United
5	States or has within the last five years
6	served outside the United States; or
7	"(B) a United States citizen whose intelli-
8	gence relationship to the United States is classi-
9	fied information, and—
10	"(i) who resides and acts outside the
11	United States as an agent of, or informant or
12	source of operational assistance to, an intelli-
13	gence agency, or
14	"(ii) who is at the time of the disclosure
15	acting as an agent of, or informant to, the
16	foreign counterintelligence or foreign
17	counterterrorism components of the Federal
18	Bureau of Investigation; or
19	"(C) an individual, other than a United
20	States citizen, whose past or present intelligence
21	relationship to the United States is classified in-
22	formation and who is a present or former agent
23	of, or a present or former informant or source of
24	operational assistance to, an intelligence agency.

1	"(5) The term 'intelligence agency' means the
2	Central Intelligence Agency, a foreign intelligence
3	component of the Department of Defense, or the for-
4	eign counterintelligence or foreign counterterrorism
5	components of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
6	"(6) The term 'informant' means any individual
7	who furnishes information to an intelligence agency in
8	the course of a confidential relationship protecting the
9	identity of such individual from public disclosure.
10	"(7) The terms 'officer' and 'employee' have the
11	meanings given such terms by sections 2104 and 2105,
12	respectively, of title 5, United States Code.
13	"(8) The term 'Armed Forces' means the Army,
14	Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard.
15	"(9) The term 'United States', when used in a ge-
16	ographic sense, means all areas under the territorial
17	sovereignty of the United States and the Trust Terri-
18	tory of the Pacific Islands.
19	"(10) The term 'pattern of activities' requires a
20	series of acts with a common purpose or objective.".
21	(b) The table of contents at the beginning of such Act is
22	amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

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## "TITLE VI—PROTECTION OF CERTAIN NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION

"Sec. 601. Protection of identities of certain United States undercover intelligence officers, agents, informants, and sources.

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<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 602. Defenses and exceptions.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 603. Procedures for establishing cover for intelligence officers and employees.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 604. Extraterritorial jurisdiction.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 605. Providing information to Congress.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 606. Definitions.".